DEAR COLLEAGUES AND FRIENDS,
The Programme Organising Committee is busy finalising the schedule of a very exciting 53rd Annual Meeting of ESPE in Dublin, from Thursday 18 to Saturday 20 September 2014.

Internationally renowned experts from around the world have agreed to present perspectives on the theme of ‘Prevention and therapeutic innovations in paediatric endocrinology’. They will explore the latest developments in research on many topics, including obesity, diabetes, sex determination and development, bone disorders, cancer syndromes, growth, puberty, thyroid disorders, gene therapy, microRNAs and regenerative endocrinology. This will take place within a programme of prestigious plenary lectures, symposia, meet the expert and new perspective sessions, and yearbook events.

Interaction and discussion will be the essence of this meeting, and the free oral communications in 14 scheduled platform sessions and poster sessions will enable all participants to benefit from this expertise. It will provide a forum to exchange the latest basic scientific and clinical information and promote international collaboration in research and clinical practice.

The venue is the new Convention Centre Dublin, Ireland’s stunning new glass-built international conference centre. It lies in the heart of Dublin, close to Trinity College (founded in 1591) and the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland – the ‘home’ of many medical scholars and Nobel prize winners including Graves, Corrigan, Stokes and Colles, amongst others. We hope that you will find time to enjoy Dublin, the current European City of Science and former European City of Culture, and have an Irish coffee or a pint of Guinness, as well as visiting the surrounding countryside which is rich in history, architecture, culture, sport and natural beauty.

We also welcome you to join us for an evening of fine dining, entertainment, culture and a céili (the Irish word for an evening of music and dancing) in the centre of the city. The ESPE Social Evening will be held in the Round Room of the Mansion House, built in 1821 for the visit of King George IV, and the venue of the first meeting of the Irish Parliament in 1919. This will give all delegates an opportunity to renew old friendships, meet new friends and establish clinical and research international networks.

ESPE 2014 will be preceded by the ESPE Summer School, which takes place in the 14th century historic Barretstown Castle in County Kildare, south west of Dublin. It will be a significant and stimulating opportunity that symbolises ESPE’s commitment to the future care of children with endocrine disorders, and will provide a fitting prelude to the 53rd Annual Meeting of ESPE.

For further information, contact espe2014@bioscientifica.com or see www.espe2014.org.

We very much look forward to welcoming you in Dublin with ‘céad míle fáilte’ – which in Irish means 100 000 welcomes.

Professor Hilary Hoey, hilaryhoey@eircom.net
President, ESPE 2014
Welcome continued from page 1

from the Turkish Pediatric Endocrinology and Diabetes Society (page 5). We thank our Turkish colleagues for sharing their information with us. Please let us know news from your national society.

_Hormone Research in Pediatrics_, the official journal of our Society, has a new Editor in Chief from 2014, Stefano Cianfarani. On page 5, you can read more about his perception and expectations for the journal.

Among the other activities of ESPE, the Research Fellowship is well known and has an important impact on the scientific world. An interview with one very successful applicant on page 7 will really be encouraging for young colleagues.

We also bring you updates from the recent very successful ESPE Winter School (page 9) and the Bone and Growth Plate and Obesity Working Groups (page 8).

Last but not least, we express our deep condolences for the loss of Professor Henriette A Delemarre-van de Waal (1952–2014), who has contributed so much to paediatric endocrinology in Europe and around the world. On page 6, you can read Jan-Maarten Wit and Ieuan Hughes’ moving obituary in her memory.

As always, we on the editorial board strive to maintain the quality of the Newsletter and to enrich it with feedback from all members. I particularly thank Lars Sivendahl for his support as well as my colleagues in the Newsletter team, with whom I always have the opportunity to work with great enthusiasm and collaboration. Do let us have your contributions and feedback.

Yours sincerely,

Professor Feyza Darendeliler
Editor, ESPE Newsletter
feyzad@istanbul.edu.tr

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AS WE ON THE ESPE TEAM welcome you to the first edition of the ESPE Newsletter for 2014, we look forward to the year ahead. We would like to remind you of some of the great benefits of ESPE membership!

- Reduced registration fees at ESPE annual meetings
- Reduced subscription fees for _Hormone Research in Pediatrics_
- Access to grants, prizes and awards
- Access to ESPE e-learning and webcasted lectures
- Access to the members-only section of the website, including the members’ directory
- Tri-annual newsletter and regular e-communications
- Voting rights and the ability to be elected to the ESPE Committees and Council

You should by now have received an email with details of how to renew your membership for 2014 and a link to enable you to pay. We would be grateful for your prompt payment.

Please do encourage your colleagues to join ESPE, including those who are nurses and allied health professionals, to raise awareness of our newest membership category.

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Consortium Conference on Prevention and Management of Rickets

RICKETS AND VITAMIN D HAVE BEEN the subject of intense debate over the last years. Recent North American guidelines (published by the Institute of Medicine and the Endocrine Society) include recommendations on vitamin D that are partly controversial but which have a significant impact on public health, both for paediatric practice and the health economy worldwide. These guidelines differ from recommendations by paediatric societies, such as those published by the Pediatric Endocrine Society (PES).

Not all paediatric endocrinologists and nutritional specialists are in agreement with existing guidance, especially when considering its worldwide implementation. In addition, there is new evidence, in particular from rare disorders of vitamin D metabolism unique to paediatrics, and health economical aspects that need further consideration.

Therefore, the ESPE Bone and Growth Plate Working Group has reached out to endocrine sister societies and experts on paediatric bone, nutrition, public health, epidemiology and health economics to arrive at a worldwide consensus, not only on vitamin D, but on the prevention and management of rickets. This consensus endeavour has been endorsed by the ESPE Clinical Practice Committee and ESPE Council.

Scientific work on the consensus questions has already started. The consensus meeting will be held on 29–31 May 2014, in Birmingham, UK.

To read more about the work of the ESPE Bone and Growth Plate Working Group see page 8.
NEW! ESPE Caucasus & Central Asia School

GLOBALISATION OF ESPE AS A SOCIETY, as well as the success of the French-speaking Winter School since 2010, led to the idea of a Russian-speaking school in the Caucasian and central Asian countries, where paediatric endocrinology is still largely underdeveloped and hence worthy of ESPE input.

Because English is not widely spoken in these countries, the ESPE Council has approved a bilingual – Russian and English – teaching course with dual projection. Ferring Pharmaceuticals is very kindly sponsoring this Caucasus & Central Asia (C&CA) School, initially for 3 consecutive years.

The ESPE C&CA School aims to support paediatricians who have entirely or partially completed their basic paediatric training and who are now either established in, or intending to develop a deep and continuing interest in, paediatric endocrinology and diabetes.

The course will follow the successful formula of the ESPE Winter School, taking 5 days and including interactive lectures by experienced ESPE members and paediatric endocrinologists from the Caucasus and central Asia, with the aim of covering all main topics in paediatric endocrinology. These lectures will be supplemented by small group sessions to discuss teachers’ cases, and case presentations by the students. The course also includes an introduction to clinical research.

This year, preference will be given to applicants from the Caucasian and central Asia countries: Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Azerbaijan, Armenia, Georgia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Kyrgyzstan. The deadline for applications is 30 April 2014. See www.eurospe.org/education/education_caucasus.html for more information.

We hope that this initiative to develop paediatric endocrinology and diabetes will have a very positive effect on improving child health and forging important links between the various countries, as well as with ESPE itself.

Rasa Verkauskiene, rasa.verkauskiene@yahoo.com
ESPE C&CA School Co-ordinator

Update from India

ESPE, TOGETHER WITH colleagues from the Asia Pacific Paediatric Endocrine Society, the Japanese Society for Pediatric Endocrinology and the International Society for Pediatric and Adolescent Diabetes, once again took part in the Pediatric Endocrine Training (PET) course and Indian Society for Pediatric and Adolescent Endocrinology (ISPAE) meeting in Bangalore, India, on 26 November–1 December 2013.

Attendees from ESPE included Nick Bishop (Sheffield, UK), Senthil Senniappan (London, UK) and Olaf Hiort (Lübeck, Germany), who introduced the participants at the PET course and the delegates at the ISPAE meeting to topics on paediatric bone disease, disorders of sex development and hypoglycaemia.

The PET course was modelled on the ESPE Summer School, with two or three participants assigned to a mentor who provided guidance and correction both before and during the meeting. Approximately 30 fellows attended over the 3 days. The cases were excellent and the standard of presentation high; this was clear from the feedback given by the faculty at the debrief session. The faculty clearly felt that the course had met its objectives of both educating and inspiring participants from across the Asia Pacific and Australasian regions.

The main ISPAE meeting was held at a city centre hotel. It attracted about 300 delegates, including almost half the participants from the PET course. Invited lectures were interspersed with interesting cases. Further informal discussions regarding management of difficult cases were held throughout the meeting. The meeting enabled further strengthening of clinical and research collaboration between Indian colleagues and ESPE members. Several Indian fellows expressed interest in ESPE Clinical Fellowships, and practising endocrinologists have offered to participate in research studies, both clinical and molecular, in the field of paediatric endocrinology.

The venues and organisation for both events were excellent, as was the enthusiasm of all who attended. ESPE can be proud to have supported a really productive and worthwhile endeavour, and we look forward to supporting our Indian colleagues in paediatric endocrinology again in the future.

Olaf Hiort, olaf.hiort@uksh.de
Paediatric endocrinology training for North Africa

THE ESPE MAGHREB SCHOOL STARTED as a 3-year teaching programme, beginning in Morocco in 2011 and continuing in Tunisia in 2012. Its aim was to promote the education of young paediatric endocrinologists in the francophone countries of North Africa.

The third ESPE Maghreb School event in Algiers on 20–25 November 2013 was a great success. We warmly thank Asmahane Ladjouze, Maître Assistante at University Hospital of Bab El Oued, for her commitment as local organiser.

Of 35 applications received, 13 students were accepted from Algeria, 7 from Tunisia and 6 from Morocco. Seven students were new to the Maghreb School, while the others had previously attended at least one of the other events.

During the 4½-day course, the atmosphere was one of warm friendship and great enthusiasm. The programme, in French, covered growth in chronic disease, pubertal disorders, late endocrine effects of cancer and its treatment, adrenal disease, diabetes mellitus and obesity. Delegates benefited from interactive lectures, case presentations from each student and the teachers, small group workshops discussing research projects and proposals from the students, and the presentation of selected projects to the plenum.

There was also a ½-day excursion to the historic Roman remains of the coastal town of Tipaza, followed by an evening meal featuring traditional Algerian cuisine.

A teaching faculty of six ESPE members and teachers from each of the three North African countries supported the programme, which now has a web-based educational resource in French, with slides of the conferences and case presentations (for participants only at www.endocrinologie-enfant.net).

During this first cycle of 3 years, seven students have attended all three ESPE Maghreb schools. In addition, seven students have spent between 2 months and 1 year training in paediatric endocrinology at European centres (some as part of the ESPE Clinical Fellowship programme), and at least 12 abstracts have been presented at the ESPE annual meetings. An effective network now supports an ongoing collaborative project on disorders of sex development in the three North African countries, and further collaborative work is actively being discussed.

We acknowledge Pfizer’s generosity in agreeing to extend their funding for the programme for a further 3 years. The next ESPE Maghreb School takes place on 12–16 November 2014 in Morocco. See www.eurospe.org/education/education_maghrebProject.html.

Juliane Léger and Malcolm Donaldson
ESPE Education and Training Committee

Grants and activities session in Dublin

There will be a session highlighting ESPE’s many grants, awards and activities at the annual meeting in Dublin, at 09.00-11.00 on Friday 18 September, including updates on the following:

- ESPE Research Fellowship
- ESPE Clinical Fellowship
- ESPE Winter School
- ESPE Science School
- ESPE Summer School
- Paediatric endocrinology training in the EU
- ESPE e-learning
- Seminars in Developmental Endocrinology
- ASPED/ESPE School
- ESPE Caucasus & Central Asia School
- ESPE Maghreb School
- Paediatric Endocrinology Training Centres for Africa (PETCA) programme

Come along to find out more!
Hormone Research in Paediatrics: join us on the road ahead

HORMONE RESEARCH IN PAEDIATRICS HAS RECENTLY changed Editor in Chief, renewed the Board of Associate Editors and enjoyed improvements in design and production.

I took over as Editor in Chief in January 2014. Under the successful and invaluable guidance of Paul Czernichow, Hormone Research in Paediatrics has become the worldwide leading journal in the field of paediatric endocrinology. I am honoured to have inherited this precious legacy and my commitment is to further strengthen the journal’s prestige by increasing its readership and citation rate.

I am aware of the difficulties presented by the existence of so many old and new potential competitors, as well as the extensive budget cuts in medical research that have significantly reduced investments in all disciplines – without sparing paediatric endocrinology. However, this time of crisis can be turned into an opportunity by concentrating resources on excellence.

And this is exactly what we aim to do: to promote excellence in paediatric endocrinology. I and all the Associate Editors are ready to take up the challenge of improving the journal’s quality by rigorous selection of articles and invited mini-reviews, giving priority to contributions that either advocate change in or illuminate clinical practice.

This ambitious goal cannot be achieved without the involvement of each individual ESPE member, who should recognise the value of reading, citing and publishing in Hormone Research in Paediatrics. The journal is mainly ‘made’ by the readers, who drive the publication policy with their feedback and contributions. I strongly encourage you to contact me or any Associate Editor directly whenever you have proposals for improving the quality and circulation of our journal.

As I have written in my first Editorial, all of us, as members of the paediatric endocrine community, share the same aim, which is summarised in the ESPE motto, ‘Improving care of children with endocrine diseases by promoting knowledge and research’. This is the aim of Hormone Research in Paediatrics, which wants to be an instrument in your hands to keep you up to date, refine scientific and clinical skills, and contribute to the dissemination of knowledge in paediatric endocrinology.

The publisher, the Editorial Board, the Associate Editors and I look forward to having you join us on the road ahead.

Stefano Cianfarani, stefano.cianfarani@opbg.net
Editor in Chief, Hormone Research in Paediatrics

Find out more about Hormone Research in Paediatrics at www.eurospe.org/journal

Turkish Pediatric Endocrinology and Diabetes Society

Formed in 1994, the Turkish Society has more than 200 members, led by President Peyami Cinaz (pcinaz@gazi.edu.tr) and Council members Feyza Darendeliler, Behzat Özkan, Bumin Dündar and Ayhan Abali.

Working groups and projects
Our working groups cover Puberty (abdullahbereket@gmail.com), Growth and growth hormone (GH) (feyzad@istanbul.edu.tr), Bone health (ozkan.bezhat@gmail.com), Diabetes (sukruhatun@gmail.com), Congenital adrenal hyperplasia (nurcinsaka@hotmail.com), Thyroid (selimchief@gmail.com), Obesity (aysehan.akinci@iononu.edu.tr), Disorders of sex development (DSD) (merihbtr@yahoo.com), Turner syndrome (atilla.buyukgebiz@gmail.com), Hirsutism (betul_e@hotmail.com), and Endocrine disruptors (oyaeic@istanbul.edu.tr). They aim to publish guidelines, organise multicentre national studies, and enhance public awareness of endocrine diseases in childhood.

The Society’s future projects include a web-based registry for paediatric endocrine disorders and web-based multicentre studies.

Conferences, courses and training
In addition to our 3-day annual meetings, we have an annual 2-day case discussion symposium. Three local meetings take place annually across Turkey to address local practitioners. In 2008, the ESPE Congress was held in Istanbul. The Diabetes Working Group organises a 2-day course for nurses, and other local courses cover growth and growth disorders, puberty, DSD, statistics, and presentation skills. We use our own national training programme, based on the ESPE training programme.

Guidelines and publications
The Society has guidelines for diagnosis and treatment of GH deficiency, GH treatment in small for gestational age individuals, and transition in GH deficiency. As well as a peer-reviewed journal, Journal of Clinical Research in Pediatric Endocrinology (JCRPe; www.jcrpe.org), we have a twice-yearly newsletter, publish case discussions on our website and provide translations of ESPE leaflets.

Prizes and grants
At every annual meeting, prizes are awarded to the best oral and poster presentations. We also award prizes to the best three original articles and top case presentation published in JCRPe, and to colleagues who have published articles in journals listed in the Science Citation Index (Expanded). Fellows and academicians may apply for a clinical or research fellowship grant to study abroad.

For further information, see www.cocukendokrindiyabet.org
IN MEMORIAM
Professor Henriette A Delemarre-van de Waal
1952-2014

AFTER A LONG AND COURAGEOUS struggle against a devastating disease for more than 2 years, Professor Henriette A Delemarre-van de Waal passed away on 13 February 2014.

Henriette played an important role in paediatric endocrinology in The Netherlands, Europe and the rest of the world, and is well known to many ESPE members for her remarkable scientific and organisational achievements, as well as her enthusiastic and creative personality.

Henriette studied medicine in Leiden and specialised in paediatrics at the VU University Medical Center (VUMC) in Amsterdam. She was a fellow in paediatric endocrinology from 1980 to 1982 in Utrecht, under the supervision of Leo Van den Brande. In 1984 she defended her PhD thesis entitled ‘Central regulation of human puberty’ at the VUMC, under the supervision of Professors Schoemaker and Van den Brande, with the judicium ‘Cum laude’. From 1982 to 2008 she worked as Paediatric Endocrinologist at the VUMC, and from 1994 as Professor of Paediatric Endocrinology. In August 2008 she was appointed Professor and Chair of Paediatrics at the Leiden University Medical Center (LUMC).

Henriette made numerous important contributions to multiple areas of paediatrics and paediatric endocrinology. She was a dedicated clinician for her patients, and an excellent teacher for her fellows, residents and medical students.

Regarding her scientific achievements, research on the regulation of puberty and the treatment of hypogonadism was the first area that she studied in depth at the beginning of her career, and this topic remained close to her heart in subsequent years. She then broadened her area of interest, and carried out projects on the treatment of growth disorders, endocrine sequelae in survivors of leukaemia, long-term follow up of children born small for gestational age, cortisol metabolism in neonates, associations between gene polymorphisms and body composition, obesity, diabetes, transsexual adolescents, health-related quality of life in chronic disorders, as well as follow-up studies on twins, children born after IVF and cryptorchidism. In healthy adolescents she investigated growth, puberty and brain maturation, and she was involved in collaborative projects with Indonesia and South Africa on growth and obesity.

She authored more than 225 international publications and 36 book chapters, supervised 33 PhD theses and obtained 23 grants. She edited several books, and organised many scientific meetings.

Henriette engaged in numerous ESPE activities. She served as a member of the Editorial Board of Hormone Research in Pa Pediatrics for many years and was a member of the Organising Committees of the 33rd and 43rd ESPE Meetings in Maastricht (1994) and Rotterdam (2006). She chaired the ESPE Winter School for East European Paediatric Endocrinologists (1997–2001), and co-organised the 4th meeting of the ESPE Obesity Working Group in Helsinki (2007). From the start, she was Chair and member of the Organising Committees of the series of International Paediatric Endocrinology Symposia organised by Ferring and was enthusiastically planning the next Symposium in May 2014.

In recognition of her achievements, Henriette received several prestigious awards, including the Professor Steendijk Award of the Dutch Endocrine Society (1993), the lifetime career Edgar Doncker Award (2005) by the Dutch Paediatric Association, and a special Award of the Britse Gender Identity Research and Education Society (2007). She was a member of numerous important committees of the Dutch Organisation for Scientific Research (NWO), a Council Member of the Medical Section of the Royal Dutch Academy of Sciences (KNAW), Chair of the Young Investigator Prize Committee of the Dutch Paediatric Association and Chair of the national research programme ‘Priority Medicines in the Elderly and Children’.

Besides the remarkable achievements of her career, Henriette raised a family (two children, one of whom is training as a paediatrician), with her husband Ben. All who had the privilege of knowing Henriette Delemarre-van de Waal recognise her sunny and sociable personality, high level of energy and social skills, and dedication to paediatric endocrinology. She will be much missed by all who have known her. We wish Ben and her children all the strength they need to deal with this tremendous loss.

Jan-Maarten Wit and Ieuan Hughes

Follow ESPE online...

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ESPE News

IN MEMORIAM
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Making a difference: the impact of an ESPE Research Fellowship

Núria Camats of the University Children’s Hospital in Bern, Switzerland, was the recipient of an ESPE Research Fellowship in 2011. Here she tells us what receiving the Fellowship has meant to her.

How did your research career begin?
From mid-2009, I worked in Dr Laura Audi’s paediatric endocrinology lab in Barcelona, Spain, where we performed genetic studies. My background includes a degree in biology, and my PhD focused on genotoxicity and cytogenetics. In Dr Audi’s lab we analysed genes from patients with adrenal disorders, disorders of sex development (DSDs) or growth disorders.

In October 2010 I moved to Bern, Switzerland, to begin a 6-month assignment in Professor Christa Flück’s steroids lab, to learn about and perform pilot functional studies on previously detected genetic mutations.

Why did you apply for an ESPE Fellowship?
To complete the planned work and to learn more techniques concerning functional testing of mutations, I realised a longer stay in Bern was needed. It was quite close to the application deadline, but although I had left it a bit late, I worked on my project application carefully and had very specific aims and outcomes. My principal aim was to complete the project based on studying mutations of NR5A1/sF-1 (which mainly causes DSDs in males, and ovarian insufficiency in females) while my other aim was to study mutations in other genes, also related to DSDs or adrenal disorders.

And how has it helped you achieve your aims?
We have elucidated the clinical, genetic and functional impact of ten novel mutations of NR5A1/sF-1 (see Camats et al. 2012 Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 97 E1294–E1306). Now we are attempting to explain the high variability of phenotypes of patients with NR5A1 mutations and how these heterozygote mutations can cause disease. We also assessed the functional impact of one novel STAR splicing mutation (Camats et al. 2013 Clinical Endocrinology (Oxford) doi: 10.1111/cen.12293), and of two novel CYP17A1 mutations. We are now performing functional studies of 11 novel MAMLD1 mutations and variants from 46,XY DSD patients.

How will you build on your research experience?
Although my ESPE Research Fellowship funding finished in September 2013, I will continue my collaboration with Professor Flück for some time. My research is focused on SF-1, because I am interested in the lack of phenotype–genotype correlation in patients with NR5A1/SF-1 mutations. We will apply exome sequencing in some patients, as well as studying mutations in other DSD-related genes. My project has been very fruitful and I am glad I will be able to work on it further, thanks to a Swiss grant which I recently obtained. The Fellowship has fostered excellent collaboration for the research groups in Barcelona and Bern, which we all hope will continue in the future.

What would you say to other young researchers?
For a postdoctoral research experience to be useful and valuable, I think it should last at least 2 years, and take place in a different lab from where one’s research started. The support of ESPE in the form of these Fellowships to young researchers is therefore crucial in helping us to develop our scientific careers, and I would definitely recommend the Fellowships to aspiring paediatric endocrinologists.

I thank ESPE for granting me this Research Fellowship. I have discovered a lot about science, research and techniques, and about how to organise and develop my everyday work. It has been a great privilege to collaborate with Professor Christa Flück and her team, from whom I have learnt a great deal and received a lot of support.

Núria Camats

Supporting young researchers

ESPE FULL RESEARCH FELLOWSHIPS ENABLE the most talented young scientists and paediatric endocrinologists to conduct research worldwide at leading centres of excellence. The ESPE Short-term Research Fellowship provides support for a research project of 2–6 months’ duration at a host institution of excellence. Sponsored by Novo Nordisk A/S, the programme provides up to 2 years of financial support and has helped launch powerful careers.

Maintaining high quality experimental and clinical research is of utmost importance as it will strengthen the future of paediatric endocrinology. For 20 years, the programme has launched the careers of scientists and clinicians from a wide range of specialties linked to paediatric endocrinology and diabetology. It is a unique opportunity to experience collaboration with foreign colleagues who will most often become lifelong friends. So far, some 45 fellows from 14 countries have benefited from 2 years of support.

Here we highlight the success of one beneficiary, Dr Núria Camats. The ESPE Research Fellowship Committee found her achievements to be remarkable and a model for others to follow.

To apply for a Fellowship, see full details at www.europes.org/awards.

Michel Polak, Chairman, ESPE Research Fellowship Committee
ESPE WORKING GROUP UPDATE

Obesity

THE ESPE OBESITY WORKING GROUP ENJOYED an excellent session last September in Milan, Italy. It began with a presentation by Toru Miyazaki (Tokyo, Japan) entitled ‘Novel therapy for the metabolic complications of obesity through the regulation of the apoptosis inhibitor of macrophages (AIM)’. AIM appears to be a beneficial molecule that impedes the progression of obesity, suggesting that it might be a promising target for next-generation anti-obesity drugs. His research has indicated that, in the early period of developing obesity, AIM might help prevent progression through lipolysis. However, when this lipolytic effect is excessive, it triggers macrophage-induced chronic inflammation, leading to insulin resistance.

Hala Tafayli (Beirut, Lebanon) spoke on ‘Declining β-cell function in children relative to insulin sensitivity with escalating oral glucose tolerance test 2-h glucose concentrations’, discussing the transition in children from normal glucose tolerance to overt diabetes type 2. Disposition index (DI) describes the capacity of the pancreatic β-cells to secrete additional insulin to compensate over time for alterations in insulin sensitivity. She has found that significant decrements in DI are present in overweight youths well before any established diagnostic criteria of glucose intolerance can be made, and current criteria may represent a relatively advanced stage of impairment in β-cell function relative to insulin sensitivity.

‘Bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs) in the regulation of thermogenesis in brown adipose tissue (BAT)’ were discussed by Andrew Whittle (Cambridge, UK). BMP8B plays a role in the direct regulation of thermogenesis, and studies have shown that BMP8B regulates energy balance in partnership with hypothalamic AMPK. Mice deficient in the protein were hypophagic but gained weight nonetheless, due a reduced metabolic rate. In contrast, mice deficient in pro-atherogenic LDL receptor relative (LR11), a negative regulator of BAT, were hypermetabolic and were protected from obesity. Further studies concerning BMP8B’s actions in energy balance may offer greater insight into mechanisms that specifically increase energy dissipation by BAT.

Finally, Martin Wabitsch (Ulm, Germany) considered ‘Mitochondrial dysfunction in white adipose tissue and obesity’. In states of caloric excess, adipocytes expand to store lipids. When the cell reaches the limit of storage, endoplasmic reticulum stress develops, with adipokine secretion and inflammation. Further insight into mitochondrial function has been gained by studying variants in the fat mass- and obesity-associated (FTO) gene in genome-wide association studies. FTO-deficient mice are resistant to obesity, with the finding that adipocytes without FTO exhibit fourfold higher expression of uncoupling protein-1 (UCP-1), with resultant mitochondrial uncoupling and induction of a ‘BAT phenotype’. Better understanding of the signalling pathways involved in mitochondrial dysfunction and UCP-1 expression in adipocytes of obese individuals might lead to new treatment options for obesity.

Members also discussed the new ESPE Obesity Working Group research protocol. This will involve studying insulin levels in lean and obese children during different Tanner stages. Suggestions concerning the protocol and volunteers to help with quality control and statistical analysis of results from the different geographical centres were invited. Working Group members will communicate by email to work out the details of the research protocol.

Bessie Spiliotis, Co-ordinator, besspil@endo.gr

Bone and Growth Plate

2013 WAS A GOOD YEAR for the Working Group – but 2014 will be even better! Our EU-wide collaborations and networking activities are showing their first fruits.

PHT pump therapy for autosomal dominant hypoparathyroidism

The first results of our European Working Group collaboration between Paris, Riom, Clermont Ferrand, Angers, London, Innsbruck and Birmingham were presented at the 9th Joint Meeting of Paediatric Endocrinology as an oral communication (FC12-187). Replacing parathyroid hormone (PTH) as a 24-h continuous s.c. teriparatide infusion via an insulin pump was demonstrated to be a safe and highly efficacious replacement therapy for patients with activating mutations of the calcium sensing receptor.

Consensus Conference on the Prevention and Management of Rickets

Following endorsement by all paediatric endocrine societies, and with the support of experts from nutrition and epidemiology, as well as the ESPE Clinical Practice Committee, the preparations for this paediatric worldwide consensus meeting are going ahead at full steam. The consensus meeting will be held in Birmingham on 29–31 May 2014 (see page 2).

New frontiers

Several new industry studies are coming up which will involve European centres. Information will be distributed amongst Working Group members as appropriate, via our European Bone and Growth Plate Network directory. In addition, we will be applying for COST (European Co-operation in Science and Technology) action on early onset bone fragility to support our networking and educational activities. We would like to encourage scientists to submit proposals for collaborative research studies at a European level. Feel free to contact me as the current Working Group Co-ordinator at the email address below.

Wolfgang Hogler, Co-ordinator, wolfgang.hogler@bch.nhs.uk

ESPE Working Groups in Dublin

The following ESPE Working Groups will meet during the ESPE annual meeting, at 08.00-11.00 on Friday 18 September:

ESPE Bone and Growth Plate Working Group
ESPE Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics Working Group
ESPE DSD Working Group (Advances in endocrine understanding and detailed phenotyping of DSD)
ESPE Obesity Working Group
ESPE Paediatric and Adolescent Gynaecology Working Group (Ovarian function in adolescence: from physiology to pathology)
ESPE Turner Syndrome Working Group (Little big things)

The ESPE Nurses’ Working Group will also meet in Dublin, at a time yet to be confirmed.

Bessie Spiliotis, Co-ordinator, besspil@endo.gr
THE 19TH ESPE WINTER SCHOOL took place in Kachreti, Georgia, on 20–26 February. Our venue, the Hotel Ambassadori in Kachreti, lies in the Kakheti region of Georgia, about 80 km east of the capital Tbilisi. Applicants from the Caucasian countries, Turkey, Russia, Ukraine, the Middle East and North Africa were given preference this year. With considerable difficulty due to the very high quality of applications, we selected 28 out of over 50 candidates.

There were nine Georgian students, four of whom were from an adult endocrine background, six students from Turkey, four from the Gulf and two from Egypt, while individual students came from each of Azerbaijan, Belarus, Greece, India, Poland, Russia and Ukraine.

We were delighted to welcome Véronique Beauloye from Brussels, Belgium, as a new faculty member, and also Zoran Guciev from Macedonia, who will host the 2015 Winter School in Skopje.

David Metreveli and Ekaterina Kvaratskhelia from Tbilisi were Host Co-ordinator and Local Organiser respectively of this year’s event, and they organised a superb meeting. This included an excursion into the hilltop town of Sighnaghi (სიღნაღი in Georgian script!), a visit to St Nino monastery and an evening meal in a restaurant above the Khareba winery, with a 5-piece band of traditional Georgian singers. Other faculty members were John Gregory (Cardiff, UK), Angela Hübner (Dresden, Germany), Margaret Zacharin (Melbourne, Australia) and me, Malcolm Donaldson (Glasgow, UK; Co-ordinator).

Winter School’s aim is to cover all the main aspects of paediatric endocrinology and diabetes during the 5 days and 6 nights. This task is becoming more formidable as expanding areas of interest – such as bone health, obesity, type 2 diabetes and late endocrine effects of childhood cancer and its treatment – demand more and more time!

The format includes:
- interactive lectures (facilitated by handouts) from the teachers
- small group activities, including rehearsal of student cases and research presentations, and the ever-popular sessions of teachers’ cases, and
- student case presentations to the plenum.

The research lectures this year were conducted jointly by John Gregory and me in an interactive fashion, and we selected 11 students to present their research or audit projects to the plenum on the last two evenings.

This was my last Winter School and a thoroughly enjoyable one at that, with plenty of enthusiasm for paediatric endocrinology during our 12-hour working days, spirited singing in the evenings and a memorable if chaotic students-versus-teachers game of crazy golf during lunchtime on the final day!

I am delighted that John Gregory is taking over as Co-ordinator from 2015 onwards – it is very good to know that Winter School is in such safe and capable hands. I would like to take this opportunity to thank Ineke Beukers from Anita Hokken-Koelega’s department for all her patience and support in steering me through the variety of financial transactions which are required for Winter School.

I wish also to pay tribute to Angela Hübner who also leaves Winter School this year. Angela has made a huge contribution to the success of Winter School, participating in no less than 12 schools, with 5 years (2003–2008) as Co-ordinator. Her clear, structured lectures on molecular genetics, basic endocrinology and the adrenal gland have been much appreciated by generations of Winter School students.

Finally, we would like to express our continuing gratitude to Phil Boothroyd and his team from Ferring Pharmaceuticals who have sponsored Winter School since its inception in 1995. Thanks to Ferring’s generosity, ESPE has been able, through Winter School, to touch the lives of hundreds of trainee doctors in Eastern Europe and beyond.

Malcolm Donaldson, Glasgow, UK
Future meetings

See [www.eurospe.org/meetings](http://www.eurospe.org/meetings) for details of all future meetings

Other Events

**1st ESPE Diabetes/Obesity School**
24–26 April 2014
TEL AVIV, ISRAEL

**ESPE Advanced Seminar in Developmental Endocrinology 2014**
30–31 May 2014
ROME, ITALY

**ESPE Summer School 2014**
15–17 September 2014
BARRETTSTOWN CASTLE, IRELAND

**1st ESPE Caucasus & Central Asia School**
24–30 October 2014
ALMATY, KAZAKHSTAN

**ASPED/ESPE School**
24–29 November 2014
ABU DHABI, UAE

Deadlines

Please note these fast-approaching deadline dates and submit your applications as soon as possible.

- **ESPE Research Unit preliminary applications**: 10 Apr 2014
- **ESPE Maghreb Project applications**: 15 Apr 2014
- **ESPE 2014 early bird registration**: 23 Apr 2014
- **ESPE Caucasus & Central Asia School applications**: 30 Apr 2014
- **ESPE Visiting Scholarship applications**: 30 Apr 2014
- **ESPE Research Unit final applications**: 15 May 2014
- **ESPE 2014 standard registration**: 31 May 2014
- **ESPE Visiting Scholarship applications**: 31 Jul 2014

See the ESPE website [www.eurospe.org](http://www.eurospe.org) for further details and the application process.

ESPE Office

The ESPE Office is managed by Bioscientifica Ltd, headed by Managing Director Leon Heward-Mills.

Bioscientifica’s Associations Managers (Joanne Fox-Evans and Hannah Bonnell) oversee the day-to-day relationship with ESPE, liaising with the ESPE Council and committee members as well as being the main point of contact for ESPE enquiries. They undertake projects requested by the Secretary General, providing him with assistance and attending ESPE Council and committee meetings. Tracey-Leigh Meadowcroft handles membership renewals and payments and deals with subscriptions to *Hormone Research in Paediatrics*.

Bioscientifica also manages the Corporate Liaison Board which deals with industry sponsors, and is also responsible for publication of the ESPE Newsletter and monthly news alerts.

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ESPE Newsletter

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European Society for Paediatric Endocrinology

Improving care of children with endocrine diseases by promoting knowledge and research

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